

Ovládanie simulovaného
humanoidného robota iCubSim
pomocou architektúry
Agent-Space

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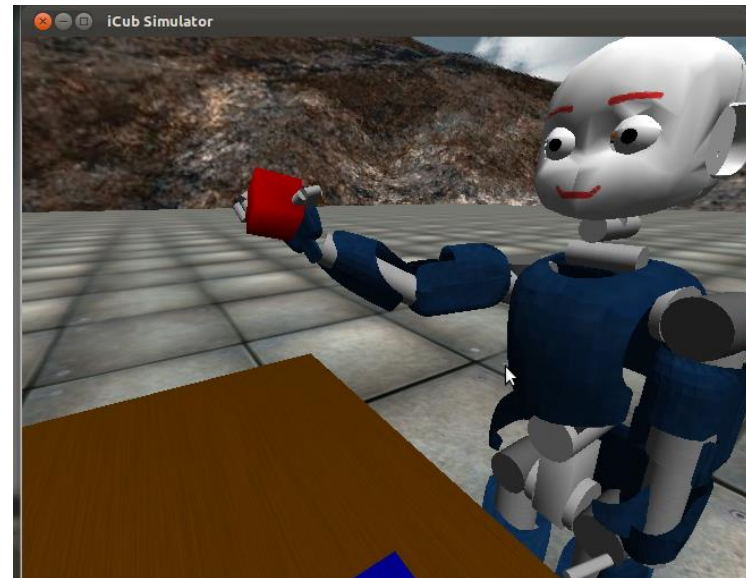
http://dai.fmph.uniba.sk/w/Andrej_Lucny

iCub a iCubSim

- EU IP RoboCub & NoE EuCognition I-III
- Cieľ: overiteľnosť výsledkov výskumu na humanoidných robotoch



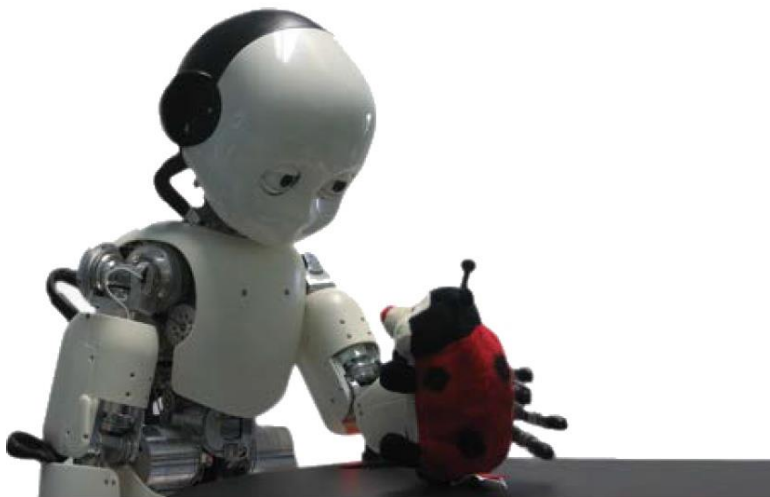
Jager - Meijering 2015



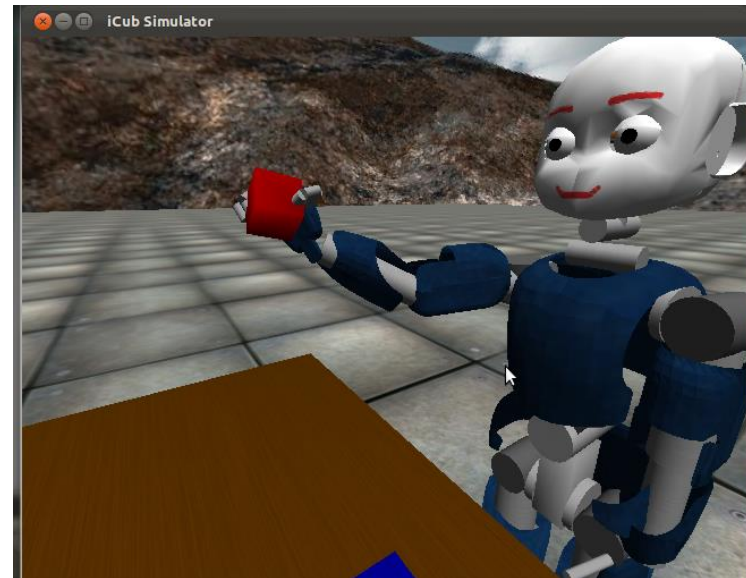
Zdechovan, 2012

iCub a iCubSim

- EU IP RoboCub & NoE EuCognition I-III
- Ciel':



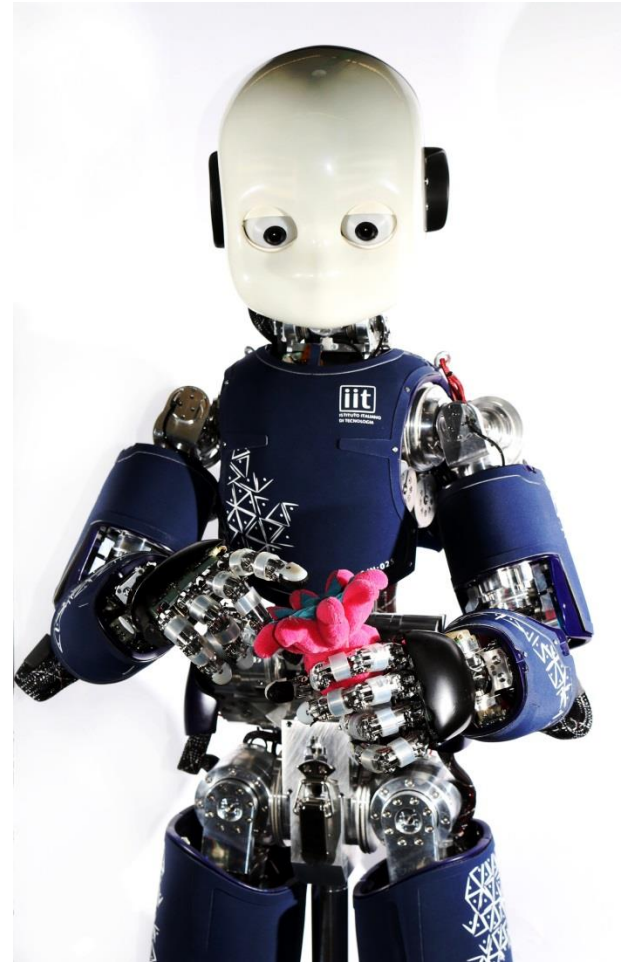
Jager - Meijering 2015



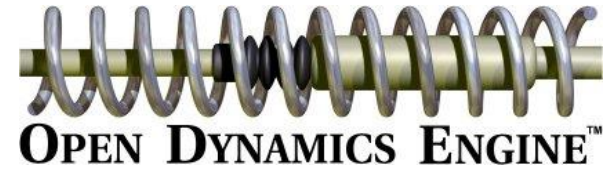
Zdechovan, 2012

iCub a iCubSim

- Humanoidná robotická platforma s otvoreným zdrojovým kódom
- 53 stupňov voľnosti
- dotykové/tlakové senzory
- kamera z ľavého a pravého oka



iCubSim



- Simulátor napísaný v C++ používajúci ODE a OpenGL, primárne na platforme Linux
eris.liralab.it/wiki/Simulator_README

- Inštalácia na Ubuntu

```
# sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://www.icub.org/ubuntu  
trusty contrib/science" >  
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/icub.list'
```

```
sudo apt-get update
```

```
sudo apt-get install icub
```

- V `/usr/share/icub ... context/simconfig/iCubPartsActivation.ini`
nastaviť `objects = on` a `ode_param - timestamp - 35 (10)`



iCubSim

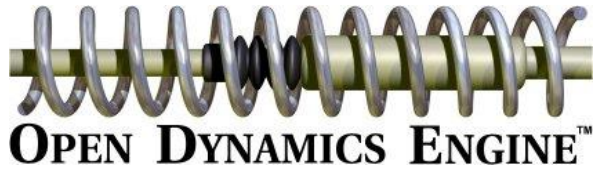


- Vývoj svojej aplikácie
- Táto sa pripája na yarp server (TCP)
- Programovací jazyk GNU GCC
- IDE QtCreator

- Kompilácia: cmake

```
cmake ./
```

```
make
```



iCubSim

- Spustenie

```
#gnome-terminal -e "yarpserver --write"
```

```
gnome-terminal -e "yarpserver"
```

```
gnome-terminal -e "iCub_SIM"
```

```
sleep 5
```

```
gnome-terminal -e "yarpview /camera"
```

```
sleep 1
```

```
gnome-terminal -e "yarp connect /icubSim/cam/left /camera"
```

```
sleep 4
```

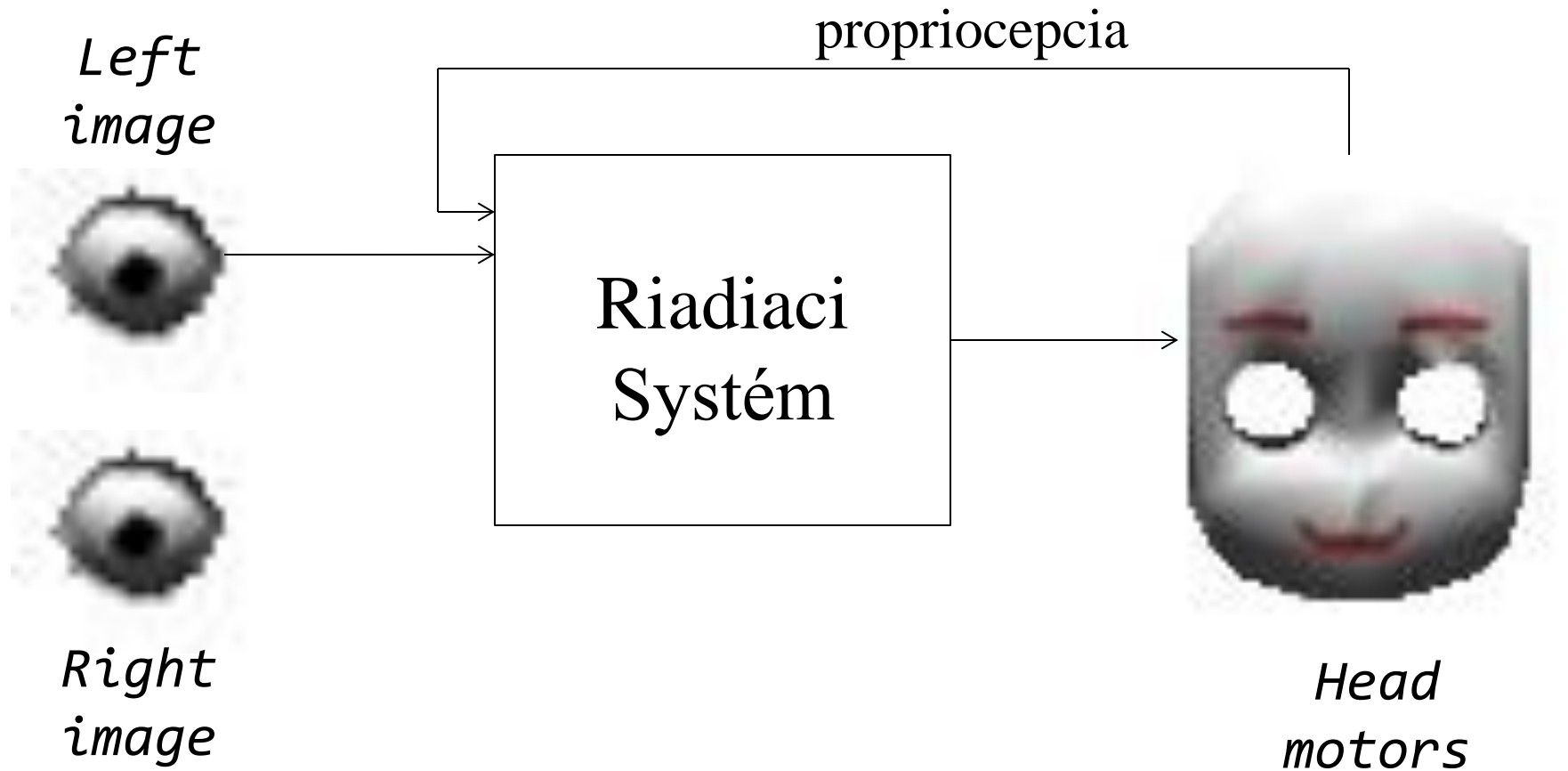
```
gnome-terminal -e ".../icub_agentspace/demo/icub_agentspace"
```

Modelová úloha

- Hľadanie modrej loptičky v priestore.
- Upriamenie pozornosti.
- Udržanie loptičky v zornom poli



Modelová úloha



Práca so senzormi a motormi

```
deviceName = "/icubSim/cam/left";
portName = "/left/image/in";

imagePort = new yarp::os::BufferedPort
               <yarp::sig::ImageOf
               <yarp::sig::PixelRgb> >();

imagePort->open(portName);
yarp::os::Network::connect(deviceName, portName);

yarp::sig::ImageOf<yarp::sig::PixelRgb> *image;
image = imagePort->read();
if (image != NULL) process(image);
```

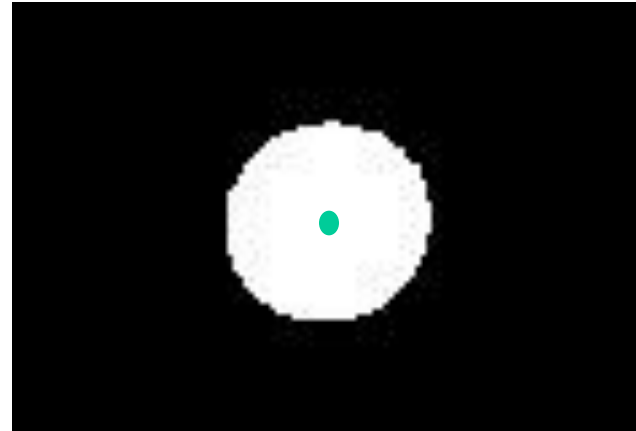
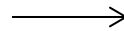
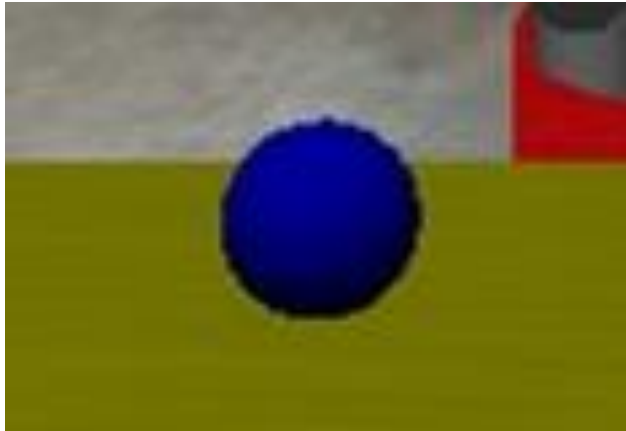
Riadiaci systém (klasický)

```
for (1.motor) {  
    for (2.motor) {  
        for (3.motor) {  
            if (vidime(obraz())) {  
                exit;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

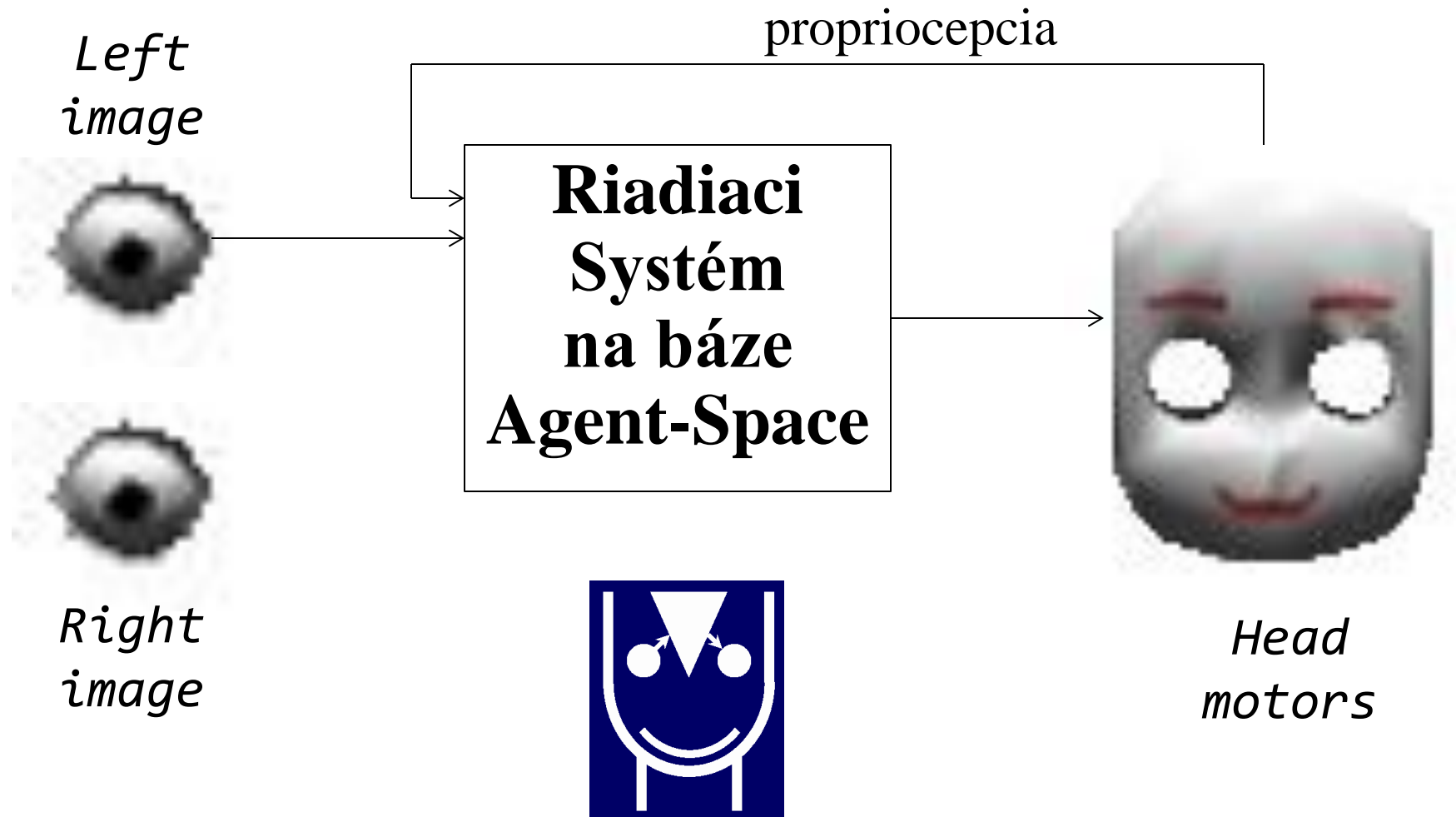
jedno vlákno

Rozpoznanie loptičky

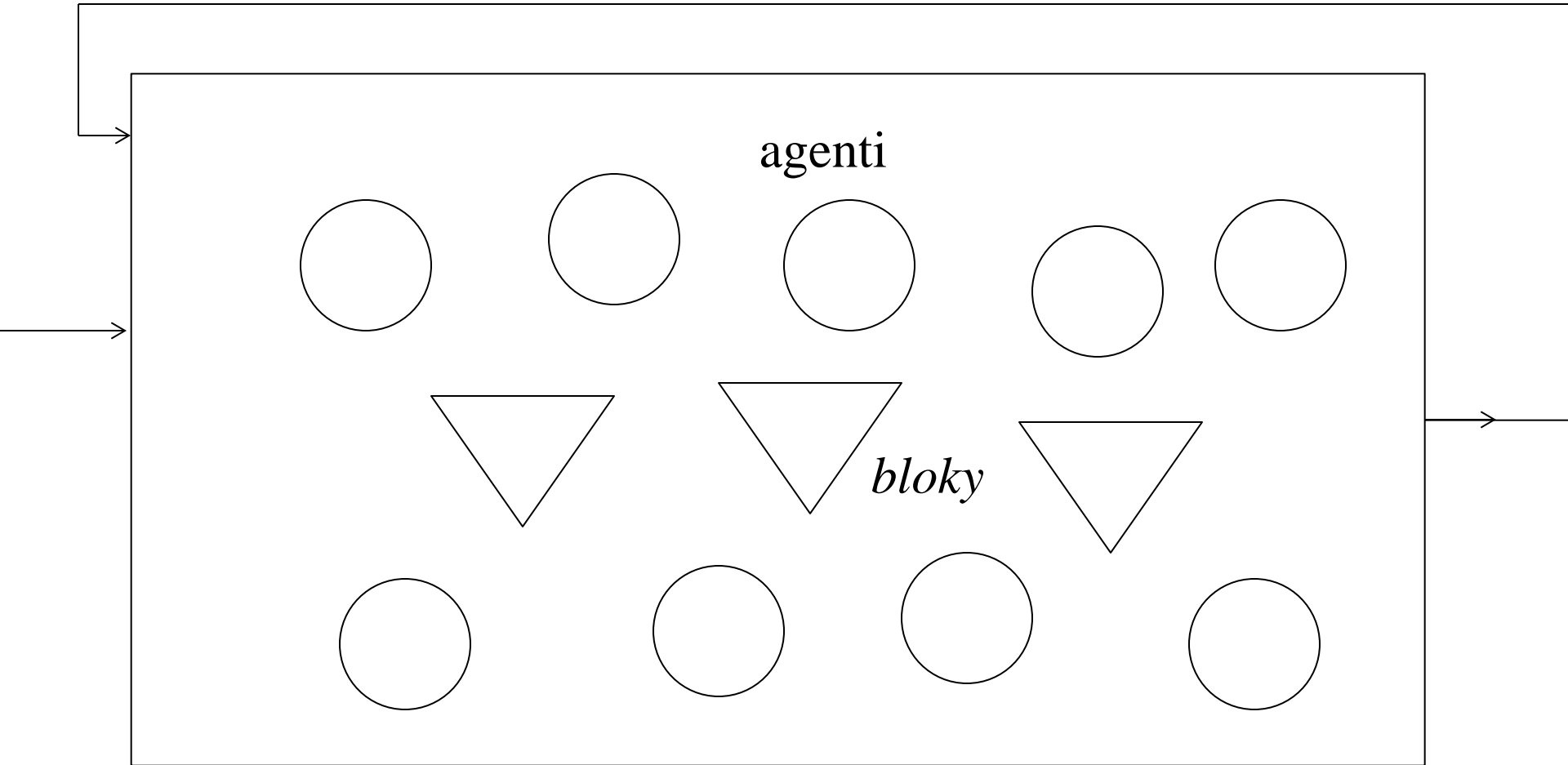
- Podľa farby: malé R, malé G, veľké B



Použitie architektúry Agent-Space

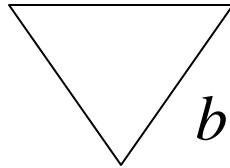
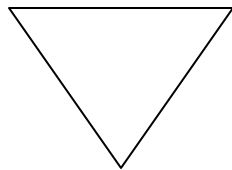
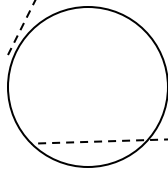


Použitie architektúry Agent-Space

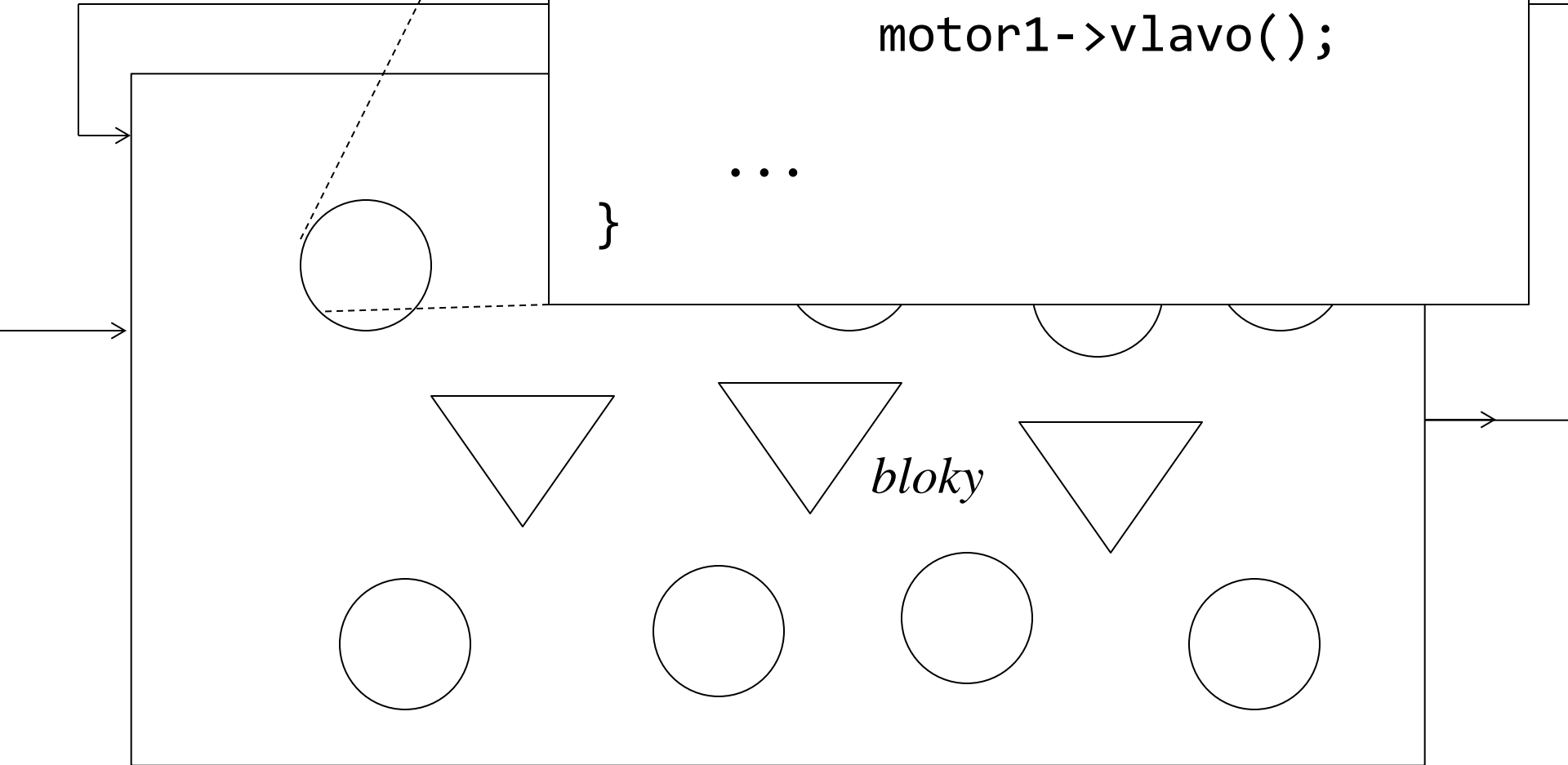
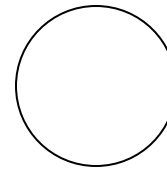
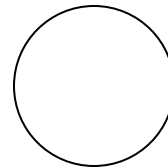
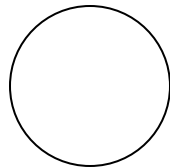
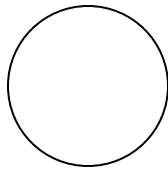
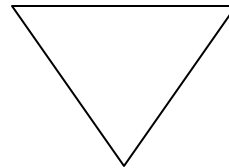


Použitie ar

```
...  
for () {  
    if (nevidime(obraz()))  
        motor1->vlavo();  
    ...  
}
```

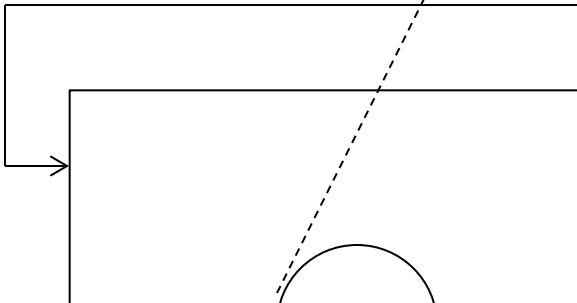


bloky

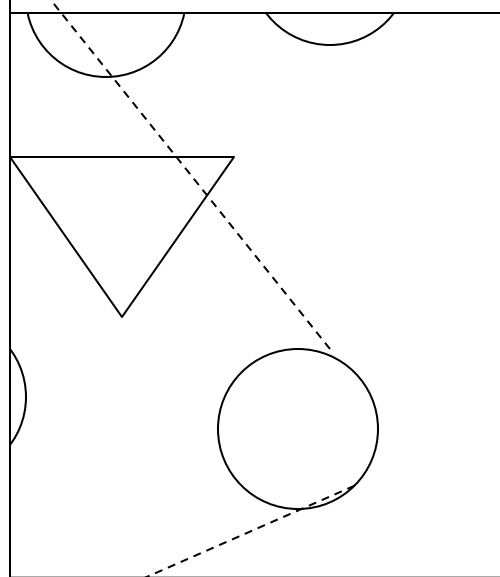


Použitie ar

```
...  
for () {  
    if (nevidime(obraz()))  
        motor1->dopredu();  
    ...  
}
```

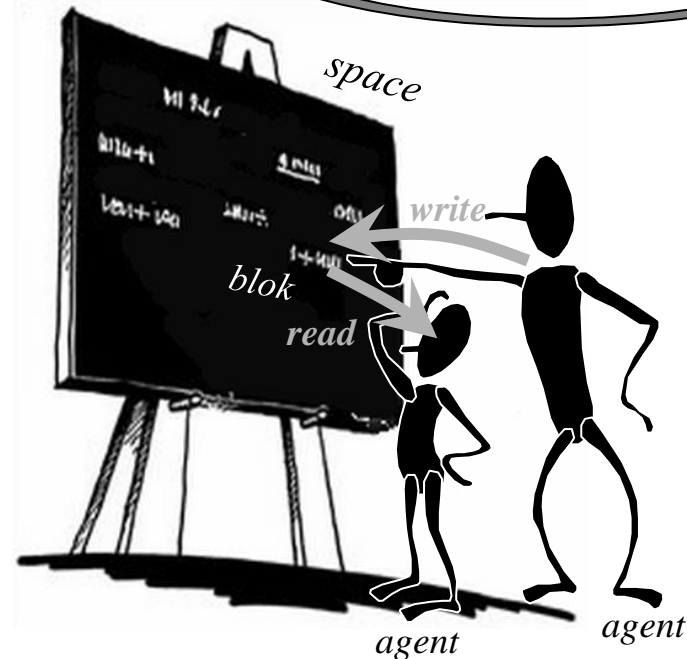
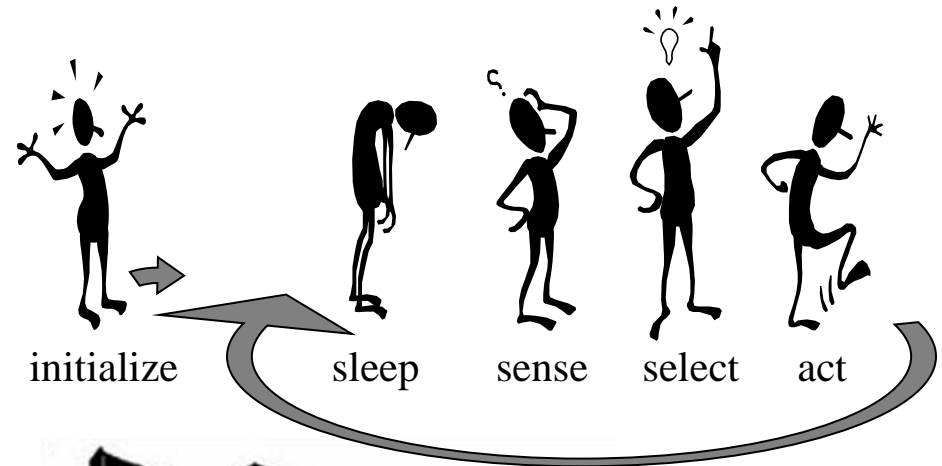


```
...  
for () {  
    if (nevidime(obraz()))  
        motor1->dozadu();  
    ...  
}
```



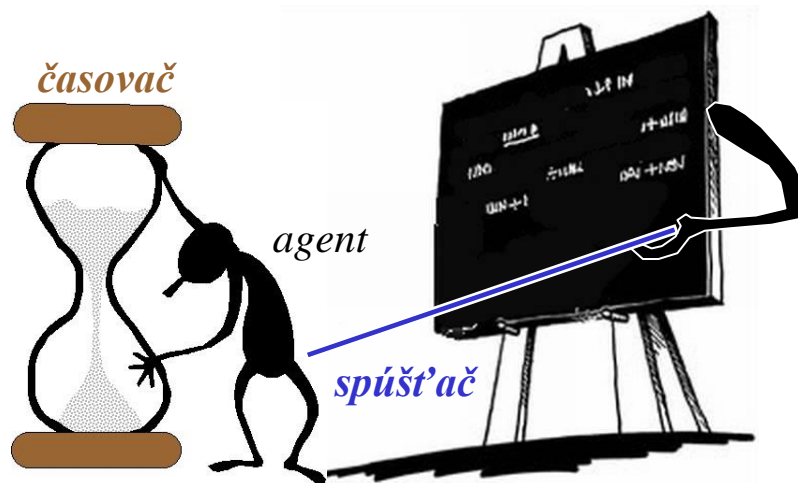
Architektúra Agent-Space

- Systém sa skladá z agentov
- Agenti medzi sebou komunikujú nepriamo cez Space (čiernu tabuľu)



Implementácia v C++

- Multivláknové prostredie pthreads
- Každý agent má vlastné vlákno
- Može volať metódy singletonu Space
- vlákno agenta je blokované na časovač alebo spúšť'ač



Príklad použitia

```
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
#include "agentspace.h"
using namespace std;

class MyAgent1 : public Agent {
private:
    int i;
protected:

    void init (string args) {
        i = 0;
        timer_attach(1000,1000);
    }

    void sense_select_act (int pid) {
        i++;
        cout << "a := " << i << endl;
        space_write("a",i,1500);
    }

public:
    MyAgent1 (string args) :
        Agent(args) {};
};
```

```
class MyAgent2 : public Agent {
protected:

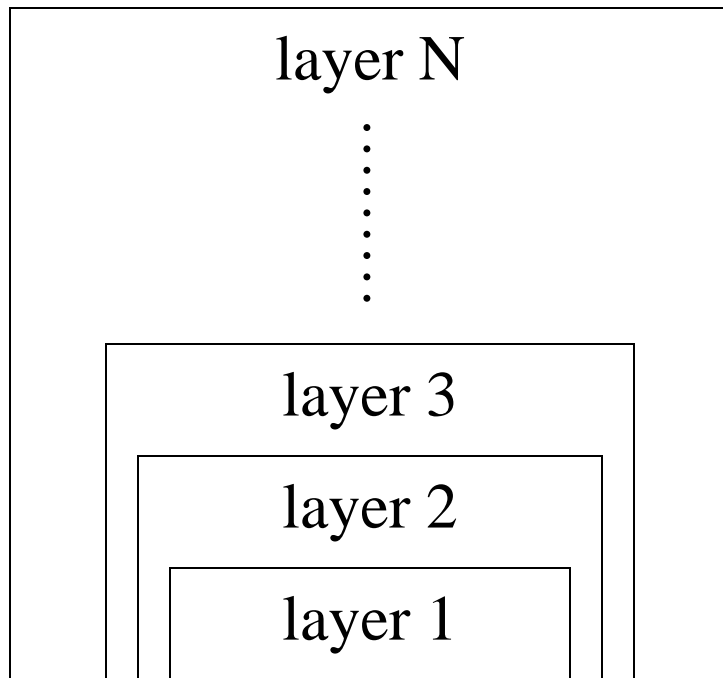
    void init (string args) {
        trigger_attach("*",TRIGGER_MATCHING);
    }

    void sense_select_act (int pid) {
        int a = space_read("a",0);
        cout << "a = " << it->value << endl;
    }

public:
    MyAgent2 (string args) :
        Agent(args) {};
};

int main () {
    MyAgent1 a1("");
    MyAgent2 a2("");
    getch();
}
```

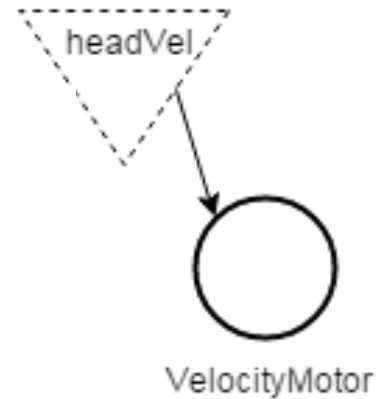
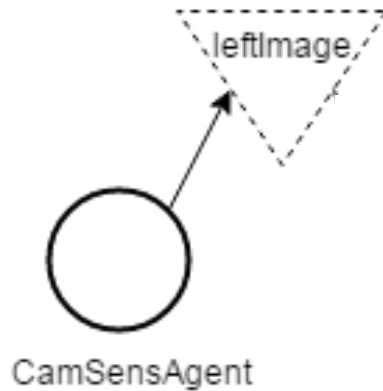
Vývojová stratégia: subsumpcia



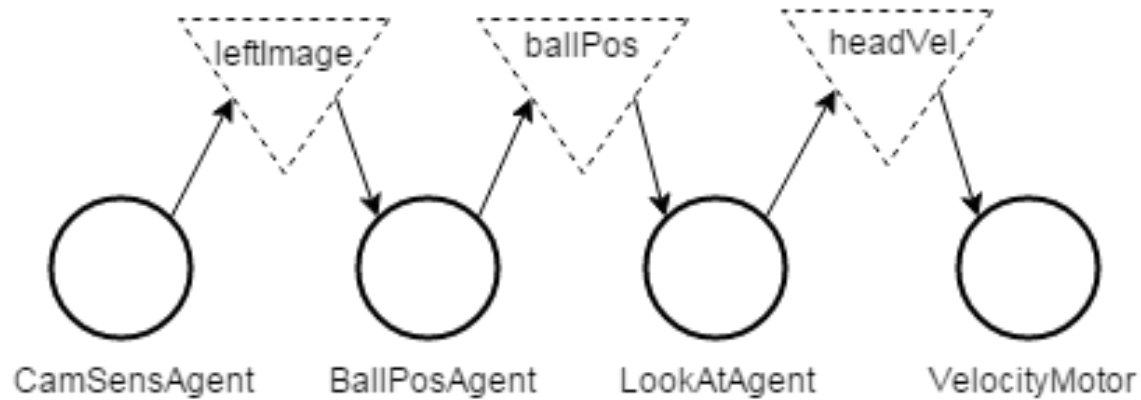
- „evolučne staršie“
vrstvy sa už
nemenia
- „evolučne novšie“
vrstvy ovplyvňujú
„evolučne staršie“
vrstvy

0. etapa vývoja – senzory a aktuátory

Prepojenie senzorov a aktuátorov s blokmi v Space



1. etapa vývoja - dátová výmena



1. etapa vývoja - CamSensAgent

```
void CamSensorAgent::init(string args) {
    SensorBlock defConf;
    defConf.agentName = "HeadAgent";
    defConf.deviceName = "/icubSim/cam/left";
    defConf.portName = "/left/image/in";
    defConf.outBlock = "leftImage";
    defConf.startTime = 1000;
    defConf.period = 250;
    conf = space_read(args, defConf);

    imagePort = new yarp::os::BufferedPort<yarp::sig::ImageOf<yarp::sig::PixelRgb> >();
    imagePort->open(conf.portName);
    yarp::os::Network::connect(conf.deviceName, conf.portName);

    timer_attach(conf.startTime, conf.period);
}

void CamSensorAgent::sense_select_act(int pid) {
    yarp::sig::ImageOf<yarp::sig::PixelRgb> *image = imagePort->read(); // read an image
    if (image!=NULL) {
        space_write(conf.outBlock, image);
    } else {
        printf("No image\n");
    }
}
```

1. etapa vývoja-BallPosAgent

```
void BallPosAgent::init(string args) {
    ...
    conf = space_read(args, defConf);
    trigger_attach(conf.inBlock, TRIGGER_MATCHING);
}
void BallPosAgent::sense_select_act(int pid) {
    ...
    yarp::sig::ImageOf<yarp::sig::PixelRgb> *image = space_read(conf.inBlock, defimage);
    if (image != NULL) {
        width = image->width();
        height = image->height();
        for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
            for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
                yarp::sig::PixelRgb& pixel = image->pixel(x,y);
                if (pixel.b > pixel.r*1.2+10 && pixel.b > pixel.g*1.2+10) {
                    xMean += x; yMean += y; count++;
                }
            }
        }
        if (count > 0) {
            xMean /= count; yMean /= count;
        }
        target[0] = xMean; target[1] = yMean; target[2] = 1;
    }
    space_write(conf.outBlock, target);
}
```


1. etapa vývoja-VelocityMotorAgent

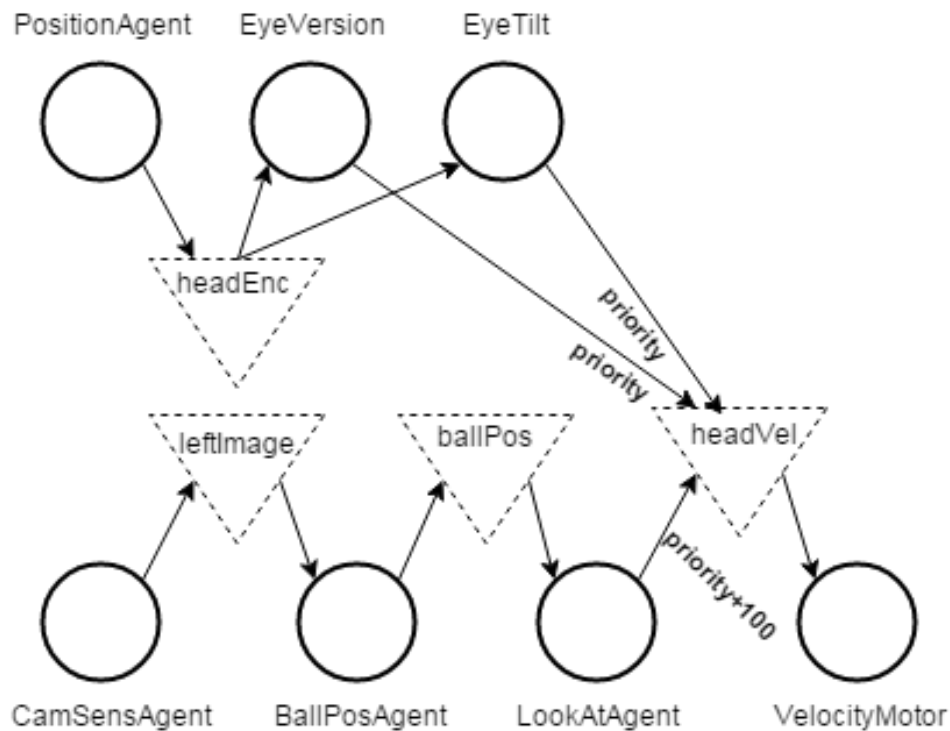
```
void VelocityMotorAgent::init(string args) {
    ...
    conf = space_read(args, defConf);

    yarp::os::Property options;
    options.put("device", conf.yarpDevice);
    options.put("local", conf.yarpLocal);
    options.put("remote", conf.yarpRemote);
    ...
    trigger_attach(conf.velocityBlock, TRIGGER_MATCHING);
}

void VelocityMotorAgent::sense_select_act(int pid) {
    commands = space_read(conf.velocityBlock, def_commands);
    vel->velocityMove(commands.data());
}
```

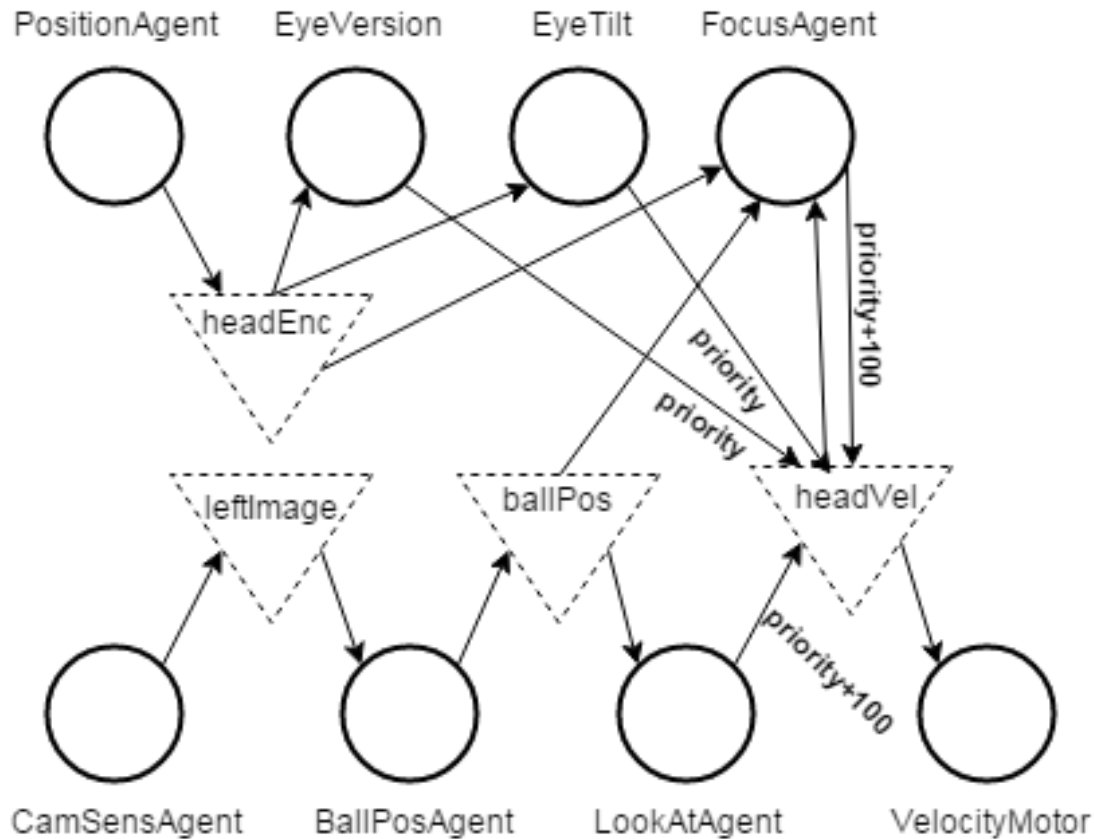
2. etapa vývoja

- Hľadanie loptičky
 - Rozširovanie zorného pola
 - PositionAgent, EyeVersionAgent, EyeTiltAgent



3. etapa vývoja

- Upravenie pohľadu na loptičku - FocusAgent



Záver

- Rozbehali sme simulátor iCubSim
- Do simulátora iCubSim sme implementovali architektúru Agent-Space
- Prepojili sme senzory a aktuátory iCub-u s architektúrou
- Vyvinuli sme pomocou nej riadenie hlavy iCub-u tak, aby sa pozerala za modrou loptičkou na stole (čo najprirodzenejším spôsobom)
- Ďalšie info: www.agentspace.org/icub

Ďakujeme za pozornosť

Ovládanie simulovaného humanoidného
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